

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Business registration certificate

No. 0103018458 dated 23 July 2007 which was initially issued by the Ministry of Transport.

Enterprise registration certificate

No. 0102325399 dated 23 July 2007 which was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ha Noi City with the latest 28th amendment dated 8 October 2020.

Investment registration certificate

No. 2357762445 dated 30 December 2016 which was initially issued by the Board of Management of Saigon Hi-Tech Park for a period of 50 years from the date of the initial Investment registration certificate.

Board of Directors

Chairperson Ms. Nguyen Thanh Ha Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao Vice Chairperson Mr. Donal Joshep Boylan Vice Chairperson (from 28 May 2022) Mr. Nguyen Thanh Hung Member (from 28 May 2022) Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong Member Mr. Luu Duc Khanh Member Mr. Chu Viet Cuong Member

Board of Management

Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao
Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong

Mr. Micheal Hickey

Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong

Mr. To Viet Thang

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Son

Chief Executive Officer
Permanent Vice President
cum Managing Director
Chief Operation Officer
(from 30 May 2022)
Vice President
cum Chief Finance Officer
Vice President
Vice President

Member

(from 28 May 2022)

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Son Mr. Luong The Phuc Ms. Nguyen Thi Thuy Binh Mr. Nguyen Duc Thinh Mr. Do Xuan Quang Mr. Nguyen Thai Trung

Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan

Mr. Chu Viet Cuong

Vice President
(from 1 June 2022)
Vice President
(from 1 June 2022)

CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Audit Committee

Mr. Donal Joshep Boylan

Mr. Luu Duc Khanh

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Hung

Chairperson

Member

Member

Legal representative

Ms. Nguyen Thanh Ha

Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao

Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong

Chairperson

Chief Executive Officer Permanent Vice President

cum Managing Director

Registered office

302/3 Kim Ma Street, Ngoc Khanh Ward, Ba Dinh District

Hanoi City, Vietnam

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Statement of responsibility of the Board of Management of the Company in respect of the consolidated interim financial statements

The Board of Management of VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is responsible for preparing the consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") which give a true and fair view of the consolidated interim financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and of the consolidated interim results of its operations and its consolidated interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended. In preparing these consolidated interim financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the consolidated interim financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated interim financial position of the Group and enable consolidated interim financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the consolidated interim financial statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or errors.

Approval of the consolidated interim financial statements

We hereby approve the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements as set out on pages 6 to 77 which give a true and fair view of the consolidated interim financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and of the consolidated interim results of its operations and its consolidated interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated interim financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management

CÔNG TY
CÔ PHÂN
HÀNG KHÔNG
VIETJET

Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, SR Vietnam

29 August 2022





REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF VIETJET AVIATION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements of VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") which were prepared on 30 June 2022, and approved by the Board of Management of the Company on 29 August 2022. The consolidated interim financial statements comprise the consolidated interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated interim income statement and the consolidated interim cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes to the consolidated interim financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 6 to 77.

The Board of Management's Responsibility

The Board of Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these consolidated interim financial statements of the Group in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated interim financial statements, and for such internal control which the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the consolidated interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of consolidated interim financial statements.

Other Matter

The report on review of consolidated interim financial statements is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

CÔNG TY
TNHH
PWC (VIÊ) VIÀ

Mai Viet Hung Tran Audit Practising Licence No. 0048-2018-006-1 Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM12715 Ho Chi Minh City, 30 August 2022

Form B 01a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

			Asa	at
			30.6.2022	31.12.2021
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND
100	CURRENT ASSETS		34,211,975,809,663	26,866,732,678,773
110 111 112	Cash and cash equivalents Cash Cash equivalents	3	3,042,740,617,895 1,491,782,466,856 1,550,958,151,039	1,868,252,946,557 983,304,817,181 884,948,129,376
120 121 122	Short-term investments Trading securities Provision for diminution in	4(a)	624,475,421,096 990,000,000,000	859,475,421,096 990,000,000,000
123	value of trading securities Investments held to maturity	4(a)	(370,000,000,000) 4,475,421,096	(135,000,000,000) 4,475,421,096
130 131	Short-term receivables Short-term trade accounts		29,225,680,185,674	23,261,094,436,070
132	receivable Short-term prepayments to	5(a)	12,049,193,748,853	11,452,445,071,396
	suppliers	6(a)	1,141,164,788,288	100,108,467,605
135	Short-term lendings	7(a)	657,000,000,000	657,000,000,000
136	Other short-term receivables	8(a)	15,378,321,648,533	11,051,540,897,069
140	Inventories		902,967,230,014	811,247,030,655
141	Inventories	9	902,967,230,014	811,247,030,655
150 151 152	Other current assets Short-term prepaid expenses Value added tax ("VAT") to be	10(a)	416,112,354,984 405,374,717,672	66,662,844,395 16,306,514,272
155	reclaimed Other current assets	15(a)	10,228,637,312 509,000,000	50,356,330,123

Form B 01a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As	at
			30.6.2022	31.12.2021
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	VND	VND
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		28,456,804,772,590	24,786,971,332,567
210 211	Long-term receivables Long-term trade accounts		19,353,119,914,000	16,889,287,027,947
212	receivable Long-term prepayments to	5(b)	2,905,560,000,000	-
	suppliers	6(b)	1,122,556,719,023	
215	Long-term lendings	7(b)	805,840,936,639	789,648,322,692
216	Other long-term receivables	8(b)	14,519,162,258,338	16,099,638,705,255
220	Fixed assets		1,120,356,744,357	1,158,451,949,883
221	Tangible fixed assets	11(a)	1,113,214,342,155	1,150,354,396,311
222	Historical cost		1,509,339,188,605	1,511,188,985,876
223	Accumulated depreciation		(396,124,846,450)	(360,834,589,565)
227	Intangible fixed assets	11(b)	7,142,402,202	8,097,553,572
228	Historical cost	(0)	39,171,240,479	39,171,240,479
229	Accumulated amortisation		(32,028,838,277)	(31,073,686,907)
240	Long-term asset in progress		551,294,192,069	500,760,695,887
242	Construction in progress	12	551,294,192,069	500,760,695,887
250	Long-term investment		149,417,024,400	149,417,024,400
253	Investment in other entities	4(c)	149,417,024,400	149,417,024,400
260	Other long-term asset		7,282,616,897,764	6,089,054,634,450
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	10(b)	7,282,616,897,764	6,089,054,634,450
270	TOTAL ASSETS		62,668,780,582,253	51,653,704,011,340

Form B 01a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As	at
			30.6.2022	31.12.2021
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND
300	LIABILITIES		45,467,798,291,803	34,799,493,690,860
310	Short-term liabilities		22,917,766,828,661	15,522,180,566,553
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	13	6,726,485,112,259	3,241,429,731,841
312	Short-term advances from customers	14	636,612,387,291	544,895,468,268
313	Tax and other payables to the State	15(b)	459,421,067,658	288,705,246,334
314	Payable to employees		147,303,991,270	81,631,536,906
315	Short-term accrued expenses	16	637,325,265,464	929,357,469,634
318	Short-term unearned revenue	17	2,283,472,316,089	381,579,736,840
319	Other short-term payables	18(a)	1,194,067,596,895	1,092,825,880,639
320	Short-term borrowings	19(a)	7,797,600,729,920	7,320,070,386,166
321	Provision for short-term liabilities	20	2,752,719,885,024	1,314,535,033,134
322	Bonus and welfare fund	21	282,758,476,791	327,150,076,791
330	Long-term liabilities		22,550,031,463,142	19,277,313,124,307
337	Other long-term payables	18(b)	54,942,069,900	50,852,726,178
338	Long-term borrowings	19(b)	10,990,834,964,062	8,140,241,446,768
341	Deferred income tax liabilities	22	101,596,293,940	154,517,071,443
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	20	11,402,658,135,240	10,931,701,879,918
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		17,200,982,290,450	16,854,210,320,480
410	Capital and reserves		17,200,982,290,450	16,854,210,320,480
411	Owners' capital	23, 24	5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000
411a	- Ordinary shares with voting rights		5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000
412	Share premium	24	247,483,117,899	247,483,117,899
417	Foreign exchange differences	24	91,104,012,195	(110,730,393,251)
421	Undistributed earnings	24	11,425,141,038,218	11,281,432,588,734
421a	 Undistributed post-tax profits of 			
	previous years		11,281,432,588,734	11,208,574,467,791
421b	- Post-tax profits of current year		143,708,449,484	72,858,120,943
429	Non-controlling interests	24	21,140,782,138	19,911,667,098
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		62,668,780,582,253	51,653,704,011,340

Pham Ngoc Thoa Chief Accountant Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Finance Officer Dinh Viet Phuong Permanent Vice President cum Managing Director 29 August 2022

CÔ PHÂN

The notes on pages 12 to 77 are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Form B 02a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

		For the six-mont	h period ended
		30.6.2022	30.6.2021
	Note	VND	VND
Revenue from sales of goods		15 934 562 202 610	7,556,034,016,439
and rendering of services		10,004,002,202,010	7,000,004,010,400
Less deductions			
Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	28	15,934,562,202,610	7,556,034,016,439
Cost of goods sold and services rendered	29	(14,622,162,896,680)	(10,437,850,844,708)
Gross profit/(loss) from sales of goods and rendering of services		1,312,399,305,930	(2,881,816,828,269)
Financial income	30	343.703.136.264	3,776,035,445,464
			(203,454,663,120)
			(290, 253, 736, 292)
			(344,676,149,912)
General and administration expenses	33	(204,470,175,831)	(189,443,209,997)
Net operating (loss)/profit		(192,361,467,448)	156,644,594,166
Other income		456,468,470,544	8,718,554,848
			(287,762,402)
Net other income	34	456,153,802,936	8,430,792,446
Net accounting profit before tax		263,792,335,488	165,075,386,612
Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current	35	(171,775,548,467)	(13,225,950,927)
CIT - deferred	35, 22	52,920,777,503	(30,016,415,405)
Net profit after tax		144,937,564,524	121,833,020,280
Attributable to:			
Shareholders of the Company		143,708,449,484	124,079,557,849
			(2,246,537,569)
	26(a)	The state of the s	235
Diluted earnings per share	26(b)	265	235
Jan Mal		HÀNG KHÔNG VIETJET	·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		DINH TP.	
	and rendering of services Less deductions Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services Cost of goods sold and services rendered Gross profit/(loss) from sales of goods and rendering of services Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Selling expenses General and administration expenses Net operating (loss)/profit Other income Other expenses Net other income Net accounting profit before tax Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current CIT - deferred Net profit after tax Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests Basic earnings per share	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services Less deductions Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services Cost of goods sold and services rendered Gross profit/(loss) from sales of goods and rendering of services Financial income 30 Financial expenses 31 - Including: Interest expense 31 Selling expenses 32 General and administration expenses 33 Net operating (loss)/profit Other income Other expenses Net other income 34 Net accounting profit before tax Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current 35 GIT - deferred 35, 22 Net profit after tax Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests Basic earnings per share 26(a) Diluted earnings per share 26(b)	Note 30.6.2022 VND

Pham Ngoc Thoa Chief Accountant Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Finance Officer

Dinh Viet Phuong Permanent Vice President cum Managing Director 29 August 2022

The notes on pages 12 to 78 are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Form B 03a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

			For the six-mont	h period ended
		-	30.6.2022	30.6.2021
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIV	ITIES		
01	Net accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		263,792,335,488	165,075,386,612
02	Depreciation and amortisation	11, 36	38,839,083,356	41,487,003,427
03	Provisions		1,957,529,949,135	655,417,158,693
04	Unrealised foreign exchange losses	31	110,503,344,709	36,806,022,285
05	Profits from investing activities		(285,443,190,711)	(145,788,803,369)
06	Interest expense	31	692,378,380,306	290,253,736,292
80	Operating profit before changes in			
	working capital		2,777,599,902,283	1,043,250,503,940
09	Increase in receivables		(7,967,641,772,348)	(5,445,038,705,204)
10	Increase in inventories		(91,720,199,359)	(133,457,818,027)
11	Increase in payables		5,448,419,959,412	1,448,531,079,078
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(1,582,630,466,714)	(330,093,061,545)
14	Interest paid		(667,039,839,518)	(229,677,563,970)
15	CIT paid	15(b		
)	(59,818,784,340)	(4,907,302,972)
17	Other payments on operating activities	21	(44,391,600,000)	(47,167,079,534)
20	Net cash outflows from operating activiti	ies	(2,187,222,800,584)	(3,698,559,948,234)
0.4	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVI	HES	(54, 400, 000, 700)	(444 744 045 404)
21	Purchases of fixed assets		(51,463,090,728)	(111,741,615,191)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		419,534,815	(440,000,000)
23	Loans and term deposits granted		-	(110,000,000)
24	Collection of loans, proceeds from sales or	Ţ		0 550 404 040
25	debt instruments of other entities		-	6,556,181,818
25	Investments in other entities		120 746 222 224	(21,806,385,793)
27	Interest received	_	129,746,333,224	134,521,863,044
30	Net cash inflows from investing activities	S	78,702,777,311	7,420,043,878

Form B 03a - DN/HN

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) (Indirect method)

			For the six-mont	n period ended
			30.6.2022	30.6.2021
Code		Vote	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES		
31	Proceeds from sale of treasury shares		-	2,348,654,987,714
33	Proceeds from borrowings	19	14,137,498,771,047	8,525,838,887,299
34	Repayments of borrowings	19	(10,853,743,827,251)	(8,579,124,237,576)
40	Net cash inflows from financing activities		3,283,754,943,796	2,295,369,637,437
50	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash			
	equivalents		1,175,234,920,523	(1,395,770,266,919)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning			
	of period	3	1,868,252,946,557	2,926,425,627,363
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		(747,249,185)	(13,603,904,659)
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	I 3	3,042,740,617,895	1,517,051,455,785

Additional information relating to the consolidated interim cash flow statement is presented in Note 38.

Pham Ngoc Thoa Chief Accountant Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Finance Officer Dinh Viet Phuong Permanent Vice President cum Managing Director 29 August 2022

The notes on pages 12 to 77 are an integral part of these consolidated interim financial statements.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in SR Vietnam pursuant to Enterprise registration certificate No. 0102325399 dated 23 July 2007 which was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City and the 28th amended Enterprise registration certificate dated 8 October 2020.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange with the stock trading code "VJC".

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") are to provide passenger and cargo transportation services on domestic and international air routes, airline-related support services and to trade aircraft and components.

The normal business cycle of the Group is 12 months.

GENERAL INFORMATION

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 9 subsidiaries and 2 associates. Details are as follows:

			Place of	30.6.2022	22	31.12.2021	121
Directly-owned subsidiaries	Principal activities s	Enterprise registration certificate	incorporation and operation	Ownership (%)	Voting right (%)	Ownership (%)	Voting right (%)
Vietjet Air IVB No. I Limited	To trade and lease aircraft and aircraft components	No. 1825671 dated 27 May 2014	British Virgin Islands	100	100	100	100
Vietjet Air IVB No. II Limited	To trade and lease aircraft	No. 1825613 dated 27 May 2014	British Virgin Islands	100	100	100	100
Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd. To trade aircraft	I. To trade aircraft	No. 201408849N dated 27 March 2014	Singapore	100	100	100	100
Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited	To trade and lease aircraft	No. 544879 dated 3 June 2014	Ireland	100	100	100	100
Galaxy Pay Company Limited	To provide payment services (online payment, e-wallet)	No. 0316368255 dated 7 July 2020	Vietnam	100	100	100	100
Swift 247 Joint Stock Company	To provide transportation related support services	No. 0315524536 dated 23 February 2019	Vietnam	29	29	29	29
VietJet Ground Services Limited Liability Company	To provide direct support services for airline transportation	No. 0109783334 dated 19 October 2021	Vietnam	100	100	100	100

VIETJET AVIATION JOINT STOCK COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Form B 09a - DN/HN

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

			Place of	30.6.2022	22	31.12.2021	121
	Principal activities	Enterprise registration certificate	incorporation and operation	Ownership (%)	Voting right (%)	Ownership (%)	ship Voting (%)
Indirectly-owned subsidiaries							
Skymate Limited	To trade and lease aircraft	No. 327015 dated 15 September 2017	Cayman Islands	100	100	100	100
VietjetAir Cargo Joint Stock Company	To provide cargo transportation and related support services	No. 0312759089 dated 27 August 2014	Vietnam	64	29	64	29
Associates							
Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd. (*)	To provide passenger and cargo transportation and related support services	No. 0105556100551 dated 25 June 2013	Thailand	6	o	6	0
Cam Ranh International Terminal Joint Stock Company (*)	To provide direct support services for airline transportation	No. 4201676638 dated 5 February 2016	Vietnam	10	10	10	10

The Group has significant influence over these companies because the Group has representatives in the Boards of Directors of these companies. (*)

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 5,795 employees (as at 31 December 2021: 5,322 (employees)).

Form B 09a - DN/HN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated interim financial statements

The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated interim financial statements. The consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investments in associates and business combinations as presented in Note 2.6.

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements are not intended to present the consolidated interim financial position and consolidated interim results of operations and consolidated interim cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The consolidated interim financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory consolidated interim financial statements of the Group. The consolidated interim financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese version.

2.2 Assessment of going concern assumptions

In the first half of 2022, with the recovery of domestic and international travel demands from passengers, the Group recognised revenue of VND15,934,562,202,610 and net profit after tax of VND144,937,564,524, increasing by 111% and 19% compared to the corresponding period of 2021, respectively.

In order to ensure recovery and sustainable growth from 2022, the Board of Directors and the Board of Management have implemented several plans as follows:

(i) Business operation

In the remaining months of 2022 and in 2023, the Group expects that revenue from passenger transportations will continue to recover and then to strongly grow, and exceed the revenue level before the COVID-19 pandemic, contributed by new flight routes to India and the re-opening of the aviation market of China, Taiwan and Hong Kong. In addition, the Group has bilateral and multilateral cooperation plans with other international airlines under interline/codeshare approaches, connections to Thai Vietjet and expansion of business to Australia and/or other destinations from Dubai International Airport in exploiting, sharing flight networks, selling of merchandise and promoting trading and financial activities related to aircraft. In order to achieve the budgeted revenue registered with the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company had reached a flexible aircraft hand-over agreement with The Boeing Company which aligns with the Group's growth plan to expand aircraft fleets and meets long-term development strategy of aviation.

Form B 09a - DN/HN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Assessment of going concern assumptions (continued)

(i) Business operation (continued)

With the recent status of fuel prices, the Group actively controls fuel expenses, including fuel saving, with new and modern aircraft fleets. In addition, the Group has detailed plans to control fuel costs for flights, control shortages and proactively invest in hedging prices with 30% of fuel in use. Furthermore, the Company is working with the authorities to submit the policy of petrol surcharge to the Government for approval. Currently, the Group continues to receive the Vietnamese Government's support including the 50% reduction in take-off costs and the environmental protection tax policy of 1,000 VND/litter.

In addition, the Group continues to implement certain measures to strictly control the costs and push up digital transformation projects to optimise operating expenses.

(ii) Working capital management

The Group has performed a comprehensive review of the operation's efficiency and implemented cost-saving measures, including but not limited to negotiating with suppliers for reductions to the charges for airport handling, technical activities, and other services.

(iii) Funding

In the subsequent months of 2022, the Group conducts the plans of raising capital through private placement and convertible bonds pursuant to a Resolution approved in the 2021 Annual General Meeting to strengthen the Group's financial capacity and ensure the sustainable development of Company's aviation activities.

Considering the business and commercial plans mentioned above, the Board of Directors and the Board of Management are of the opinion that the Company will be able to generate sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its obligations as and when they fall due in the 12 months following the date of these consolidated interim financial statements. Accordingly, the consolidated interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 have been prepared on a going concern basis.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Fiscal year

The Group's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December. The consolidated interim financial statements were prepared for the six-month period from 1 January to 30 June.

2.4 Currency

The consolidated interim financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND" or "Dong").

On consolidating, if the currencies used on financial statements of subsidiaries are different from that of the Company, the Company is required to translate those financial statements into the currency used in the Company's consolidated interim financial statements under the following principles:

- Assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiaries are translated at actual exchange rate at period end;
- Net assets of the subsidiaries are translated at the exchange rate of acquisition date;
- Undistributed earnings or losses incurred after acquisition date are translated based on the translation of income and expenses in the consolidated interim income statement;
- Profits already paid are translated at the actual exchange rate at the date of payment;
- Items of the consolidated interim income statement and the consolidated interim
 cash flow statement are translated at the average exchange rate of the accounting
 period if it approximates the actual rate at the time of the transaction (with the
 difference not exceeding 2%); and
- The cumulative amount of exchange differences is presented in a separate component of equity. Accumulated exchange differences arising from translation and attributable to the Company are presented in "Foreign exchange differences". Those arising from translation and attributable to non-controlling interests are allocated to "Non-controlling interests". Accumulated exchange differences arising from translation of unamortised goodwill are attributable to the Company; and
- Upon disposal, the accumulated exchange difference relating to that subsidiary is recognised as financial income or financial expense.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at an exchange rate which is the rate approximating the average transfer exchange rate of the buying and selling rates of the commercial banks where the Group regularly transacts. The Group ensures that the disparity of the approximate exchange rate does not exceed +/- 1% compared with the average transfer exchange rate and does not materially impact the financial position and the results of operations during the accounting period. The average transfer exchange rate is determined monthly based on the average between the daily buying transfer rate and selling transfer rate of the commercial banks. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated interim income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the consolidated interim balance sheet date are translated at the transfer rate at the consolidated interim balance sheet date of the commercial banks where the Group regularly transacts. The transfer rate is average transfer rate of the commercial banks. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated interim income statement

2.6 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated interim income statement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

The interim financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same accounting period of the Group for the consolidation purpose. If there are differences in end dates, the gap must not exceed 3 months. Adjustments are made to reflect impacts of significant transactions and events occurring between the end dates of the subsidiaries' accounting period and that of the Group's. The length of the reporting period and differences in reporting date must be consistent between periods.

Non-controlling transactions and interests

The Group applies a policy for transactions with non-controlling interests ("NCI") as transactions with external parties to the Group.

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition.

A divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as a transaction with owners. The difference between the change in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received-from divestment of the Group's interest in the subsidiary is recorded directly in the undistributed earnings under equity.

In a divestment of the Group's interest in a subsidiary that results in a loss of control, the difference between the Group's share in the net assets of the subsidiary and the net proceeds from divestment is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement. The retained interest in the entity will be accounted for as either an investment in another entity or an investment to be accounted for as equity since the divestment date.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of any accumulated impairment loss.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of its associates is recognised in the consolidated interim income statements. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture or associate.

Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Unrealised gains and losses on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary or associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised as an asset and is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated period of benefit but not exceeding a period of 10 years.

Goodwill on acquisitions of investments in associates is included in the carrying amount of the investments at the date of acquisition. The Group does not amortise this goodwill.

On disposal of the investments in subsidiaries or associates, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on the disposal.

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation, and is tested annually for impairment. If there is evidence that the impairment during the period is higher than the annual goodwill charge, the Group records the impairment immediately in the accounting period.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks, cash in transit, demand deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.8 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties), or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the consolidated interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.9 Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft

Under the terms of its aircraft operating lease agreements, the Group is legally and contractually responsible for maintenance and repair of the leased aircraft throughout the lease period and is also required to contribute maintenance reserves with the lessors. Maintenance reserves made to lessors are typically calculated based on a performance measure, such as flight hours or cycles, and are contractually required to be reimbursed to the Group upon the completion of the required maintenance of the leased aircraft including replacement of life limited parts, engine performance restoration, airframe major structural inspection, landing gear overhaul and auxiliary power unit (APU) heavy repair. The remaining unutilised portion of the maintenance reserves of leased aircraft, if any, after the end of the lease term will be owned by the lessor.

Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft are classified into short-term and long-term receivables based on the remaining terms from the consolidated interim balance sheet date to the estimated time that the Group could reimburse the maintenance expenses from lessors.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method for merchandise, and specific identification method for tools and supplies, includes all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated selling expenses.

The Group applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, when necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous period are recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the period.

2.11 Investments

(a) Trading securities

Trading securities are securities which are held for trading to earn profits.

Trading securities are initially recorded at historical cost including cost of acquisition and any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end. The provision for diminution in value of trading securities is made when their carrying value is higher than their market value. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

The Group recognises trading securities when it has ownership of the assets, specifically as follows:

- Listed securities are recognised at the time of order matching; and
- Unlisted securities are recognised at the time when official ownership is established in accordance with regulations.

Profit or loss from liquidation or disposal of trading securities is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement. The costs of trading securities disposed of are determined by using the moving weighted average method.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.11 Investments (continued)

(b) Investments held-to-maturity

Investments held-to-maturity are investments which the Group has a positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include term deposits, bonds and investments in business cooperation contracts, and other investments held to maturity. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held-to-maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the consolidated interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

(c) Investments in associates and joint ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method when preparing the consolidated financial statements (Note 2.6).

(d) Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are investments in equity instruments of other entities without controlling rights or co-controlling rights, or without significant influence over the investee. These investments are accounted for initially at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

Provision for investments in other entities is made when there is a diminution in value of the investments at the period end. It is calculated based on market value if market value can be determined reliably. If market value cannot be determined reliably, the provision for investments in other entities is calculated based on the loss of investees.

Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Lendings

Lendings are lendings granted for interest earning under agreements among parties but not for being traded as securities.

Lendings are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding amounts to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end. Provision for doubtful lendings is made for each lending based on overdue days in payment of principals according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Changes in the provision balance during the period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Lendings are classified into short-term and long-term lendings on the consolidated interim balance sheet based on the remaining term of the lendings as at the consolidated interim balance sheet date.

2.13 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the consolidated interim income statement when incurred in the period.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line basis so as to write off the historical cost of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Aircraft and components	10 - 20 years
Buildings and structures	47 years
Machinery and equipment	2 - 10 years
Motor vehicles	3 - 10 years
Office equipment	3 - 5 years
Software	3 - 10 years

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the consolidated interim income statement.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Fixed assets (continued)

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; construction consulting expenditure; and expenses for the purchase of unfinished and undelivered aircraft. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.14 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated interim income statement on either a straight-line basis over the terms of the lease or using another calculation method if it is more reasonable.

2.15 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the consolidated interim balance sheet.

(a) Short-term prepaid expenses

Short-term prepayments mainly comprise fuselage insurance fees and short-term prepaid expenses. There prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

(b) Long-term prepaid expenses

(i) Maintenance costs and costs to make good on leased assets

Accounting policies related to the recognition and allocation of maintenance costs and costs to make good on leased assets are presented in Note 2.20 to these consolidated interim financial statements.

(ii) Major inspection and overhaul expenditure

Major inspection and overhaul expenditure for leased aircrafts are deferred and amortised over the period to the next major inspection event or the remaining term of the lease if shorter.

(iii) Rotable parts

Rotable parts which have estimated useful lives of more than 1 year are recorded in long-term prepaid expenses and amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives but not exceeding 3 years.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Prepaid expenses (continued)

(b) Long-term prepaid expenses (continued)

(iv) Tools and instruments

Tools and instruments include assets held-for-use by the Group in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulations. Cost of tools and instruments are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period from 2 years to 5 years.

(v) Other long-term prepaid expenses

Other long-term prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

2.16 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables, and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into long-term and short-term payables on the consolidated interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings include borrowings from banks and other entities.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings on the consolidated interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which is used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Group determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Group's borrowings that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when incurred.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.18 Bonds issued - Straight bonds

At initial recognition, straight bonds are measured at cost which comprises proceeds from issuance netting off issuance costs. Any discount, premium or issuance costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the bonds.

2.19 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

Provisions include provisions for periodic maintenance costs in the scope of maintenance reserves and provisions for cost to make good on leased assets.

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- 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 2.20 Provisions (continued)
- (a) Provisions for periodic maintenance costs in the scope of maintenance reserves

In accordance with the Group's policy:

- with respect to Japanese Operating Leases with Call Option Contracts JOLCO accompanying with an option to purchase aircrafts at the end of the lease term, the cost incurred in the first periodic maintenance for leased aircraft is recognised in long-term prepaid expenses balance and amortised to expenses in the consolidated interim income statement using the basis of actual flight hours or cycles to the next maintenance event (Note 2.15(b)(i));
- in case of aircraft operating lease agreements which are sub-leased by Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd. ("Thai Vietjet") an associate, maintained costs are incurred and settled by Thai Vietjet;
- with respect to other aircraft operating leases, according to the aircraft leasing agreements between the Group and its lessors and the requirements of Vietnam Aviation Authority, the Group has to perform the routine maintenance and periodic maintenance for leased aircrafts based on Maintenance Planning Development for each aircraft which was developed based on the guidance of airline manufacturers. Routine maintenance is performed by the Group's cost while the periodic maintenance is covered by the maintenance reserves.

The provisions for maintenance expenses in the scope of the maintenance reserves include four (4) main parts:

- Costs of maintenance and replacement of the Life-Limited Part ("LLP");
- Costs of maintenance and replacement of the Landing Gear ("LDG");
- Costs of maintenance of the Engine Performance Restoration ("CPR"); and
- Costs of maintenance of the Auxiliary Power Unit ("APU").

The provisions for LLP and LDG are determined by the expected future cost of maintenance and replacement for the leased aircraft, having regard to the current fleet plan. At the beginning of lease term and during the period of leasing, the estimated costs are recorded in provisions with a corresponding asset is recognised in long-term prepaid expenses balance. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortised to expenses in the consolidated interim income statement using the basis of actual flight hours or cycles to the next maintenance event. If there is a significant change in the estimated costs, the provision for maintenance cost and the long-term prepaid expenses will be reassessed accordingly.

The provisions for CPR and APU are accrued and charged to the consolidated interim income statement over the actual flight hours or flight cycles and the estimated cost per a flight hour or a flight cycles in subsequent maintenances for CPR and APU.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.20 Provisions (continued)

(b) Provisions for cost to make good on leased assets

In accordance with the Group's policy:

- with respect to JOLCO contracts, the cost of returning leased assets is recognized in the consolidated interim income statement when incurred.
- in case of aircraft operating lease agreements which are sub-leased by Thai Vietjet, cost to make good on leased assets are incurred and settled by Thai Vietjet.
- with respect to aircraft operating lease agreements of which the Group is required to return aircrafts with adherence to certain maintenance conditions, cost to make good on leased assets is estimated at the inception of the lease based on the present value of the future expected costs at the expiration of the lease in order for the Group to meet the conditions for the return of the aircraft to the lessors, including certain levels of maintenance as well as arranging for final test flights, inspection, custom and deregistration costs, removal of the Group's modifications, if any, and return of the aircraft to a specified location. At the inception of the lease, the estimated cost is recorded in provisions with a corresponding asset is recognised in debit to long-term prepaid expenses. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortised to expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.21 Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue mainly comprises revenue from passenger transportation and ancillary services. The Group records unearned revenue for the future obligations that the Group has to fulfil. Unearned revenue is recognised as revenue in the consolidated interim income statement during the period to the extent that revenue recognition criteria have been met.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the shares.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Treasury shares

Treasury shares bought before the effective date of the Securities Law (i.e. 1 January 2021) are shares issued by the Group and bought back by itself, but these are not cancelled and may be re-issued subsequently in accordance with the Law on Securities.

Treasury shares bought after 1 January 2021 will be cancelled and adjusted to reduce equity.

Undistributed earnings record the Group's results profit after CIT at the reporting date.

2.23 Appropriation of profit

The Group's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated interim financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Resolution of the Board of Directors.

Profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Group's charter and Vietnamese regulations. The General Meeting of Shareholders authorises the Board of Directors to decide on the implementation time.

The Group's fund is as below:

Bonus and welfare fund

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Group's profit after CIT in accordance with the Resolution of the Board of Directors. This fund is presented as a liability on the consolidated interim balance sheet. This fund is used for reward and encouragement of physical benefits, serving the needs of public welfare, improvement and enhancement of the standard of physical and spirit life of workers under the approval of the Board of Directors.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from passenger transportation

Revenue from passenger transportation is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the transportation is provided or when the ticket expires. The value of unused passenger tickets and miscellaneous charges is recorded in short-term liabilities as unearned revenue. Non-refundable tickets generally expire on the date of the intended flight, unless the date is extended by notification from the customer on or before the intended flight date. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due. Revenue from passenger transportation is recognised at the net amount after deducting sales discounts stated on the invoice.

(b) Ancillary revenue

Ancillary revenue includes cargo transportation, baggage service, other revenue related to passenger transportation, sales of in-flight and duty-free merchandise, advertising and commission. No ancillary revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods or services.

Revenue from cargo transportation is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the services are provided.

Revenue from baggage service is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the related passenger transportation service is provided or when the ticket expires.

Other revenue related to passenger transportation such as fees charged in association with changes or extensions to non-refundable tickets are recorded as ancillary revenue at the time the fee is earned. Amendment fees related to non-refundable tickets are considered a separate transaction from the passenger transportation and are recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when charged to passengers.

Sales of in-flight and duty-free merchandise are recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when all five (5) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership
 of the merchandises;
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the merchandises sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Advertising revenue and commission are recorded as ancillary revenue at the time the fee is earned.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition (continued)

(c) Revenue from charter flights

Revenue from charter flights is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the services are provided. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

(d) Revenue from aircraft leasing

Revenue from aircraft leasing under operating lease arrangements is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease or using another calculation method if it is more appropriate.

(e) Sales and leaseback transaction

The Group's aircraft, engine sales and leaseback transaction is a transaction where an aircraft, or engine is sold then leased back by the Group. The accounting treatment of a sale and leaseback transaction depends upon the type of lease involved.

For a transaction that results in an operating lease:

- If the selling price is at fair value, there is a normal sale transaction and any profit or loss is recognised immediately.
- If the selling price is below fair value, any profit or loss shall be recognised immediately except that, if the loss is compensated for by future lease payments at below market price, it shall be deferred and amortised in proportion to the lease payments over the period for which the aircraft or engine is expected to be used.
- If the selling price is above fair value, the excess over fair value shall be deferred and amortised over the period for which the aircraft is expected to be used.
- If the fair value at the time of a sale and leaseback transaction is less than the carrying amount of the aircraft, engine, a loss equal to the amount of the difference between the carrying amount and fair value shall be recognised immediately.

(f) Revenue from sales of aircraft and purchase right option

Revenue from sales of aircraft and purchase right option is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of aircraft.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition (continued)

(g) Revenue from rendering of other services

Revenue from rendering of other services is recognised in the consolidated interim income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

Revenue from rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the consolidated interim balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(h) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis.

(i) Dividend income

Income from dividends is recognised when the Group has established receiving rights from investees.

2.25 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are the cost of merchandise sold or services rendered during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudence basis.

2.26 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities mainly including provision for diminution in the value of trading securities; unwinding discount of provisions; expenses of lending and borrowing; losses incurred on selling foreign currencies and losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.27 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling merchandises and providing services.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.28 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

2.29 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the current period taxable profits at the current period tax rates. Current and deferred income tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated interim financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the accounting period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated interim balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.30 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, the Board of Management, Audit Committee of the Group, close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Group considers the substance of the relationships not merely the legal form.

2.31 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Group engaged in sales of goods or rendering of services ("business segment"), or sales of goods or rendering of services within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Group's business segment or the Group's geographical segment.

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.32 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated interim financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting period.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions are as follows:

- Estimated useful lives of fixed assets (Note 2.13 and 11);
- Provisions for periodic maintenance costs in the scope of maintenance reserves and cost to make good on leased assets (Notes 2.20 and 20); and
- Deferred income tax (Notes 2.29 and 22).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are assessed by the Board of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Cash on hand Cash at banks Cash equivalents (*)	9,470,418,771 1,482,312,048,085 1,550,958,151,039	9,204,594,362 974,100,222,819 884,948,129,376
	3,042,740,617,895	1,868,252,946,557

(*) As at 30 June 2022, cash equivalents mainly include term deposits in VND at banks with original maturities of 3 months or less and earn interest at rates ranging from 2.9% to 3.95% per annum (as at 31 December 2021: from 3% to 3.8% per annum).

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had current and term deposit accounts with total balance of VND677.7 billion (as at 31 December 2021: VND814 billion) at Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank. (Note 39(b)).

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4 INVESTMENTS

(a) Trading securities

	As at 30.6.2022						
	Quantity	Cost VND	Fair value (*) VND	Provision VND			
Petro Vietnam Oil	50 000 000	000 000 000 000	000 000 000 000	070 000 000 000			
Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	620,000,000,000	370,000,000,000			
	As at 31.12.2021						
	Quantity	Cost VND	Fair value (*) VND	Provision VND			
Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	855,000,000,000	135,000,000,000			

(*) The fair value of the investment which is shares traded in Unlisted Public Company Market (UPCoM) as at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021 is determined by referencing the closing prices published in this exchange on these dates.

The Group has signed an agreement to sell the purchase right option for the 50 million shares in Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation for an amount of VND500 billion, of which VND300 billion has been received. Accordingly, the buyer will have option to purchase these shares at a pre-determined price in the specific required period before 11 June 2023.

INVESTMENTS (continued)

(b) Investments in associates (*)

-	Net value owned by the Group VND	ī	1	
As at 31.12.2021	Cost	ī	000'000'000	60,000,000,000
	Ownership %	6	10	
	Net value owned by the Group VND	,	1	
As at 30.6.2022	Cost	1	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000
	Ownership %	တ	10	
		Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd. (i)	Cam Ranh International Terminal Joint Stock Company	

As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group could not determine the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Vietnamese Accounting System for Corporates and the legal regulations relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements do not have detailed guidance on how fair value should be calculated. The fair value of such investments may differ from consolidated financial statements as these investments are not quoted in the market and Vietnamese Accounting Standards, their book values. *

(c) Investments in other entities

	Provision	VND		1	1	'	
As at 31.12.2021	Fair value Provision	VND		217,012,279,800	1	217,012,279,800	
	Cost	VND		149,417,024,400	ť	149,417,024,400	
	Ownership	%		9.1	10		
	Provision	VND		ï	ī	1	
As at 30.6.2022	Fair value Provision	VND		208,135,896,000	ï	208,135,896,000	
	Cost	VND		149,417,024,400	•	149,417,024,400	5
	Ownership	%		9.1	10		
Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company (ii) Angelica Holding Limited (iii)							

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4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

(c) Investments in other entities (continued)

- (i) On 25 September 2018, the Group signed an agreement with Quince Investment Limited and Asia Aero Services and Infrastructure Limited relating to a purchase option to increase its ownership in Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Company to 38%, with the total consideration of THB79 billion, by 31 December 2021. The price of the transferred shares is equal to the par value. As at the approval date of these consolidated interim financial statements, the Group has been negotiating the revised timeline of this purchase option and has not exercised the purchase option.
- (ii) The fair value of other investments in listed shares is determined by referencing to the closing prices on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange. As at 30 June 2022, the fair value of the investments in Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company is VND208,135,896,000 (as at 31 December 2021: VND217,012,279,800).
- (iii) As at 30 June 2022, the Group has not yet contributed capital in this company, which is incorporated in Cayman Islands. The principal activities of this company are to provide consultancy services and lease aircraft.

5 TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

(a) Short-term

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Third parties Zhejiang Lixi International Travel Co., Ltd. (*) Hangzhou Star International Travel Service	1,462,818,700,000	1,559,031,160,000
Co., Ltd. Hangzhou BaoLi Co., Ltd. (*) Others	1,722,135,530,000 940,150,172,795 977,552,739,216	1,687,690,160,000 1,599,657,504,140 114,063,659,076
	5,102,657,142,011	4,960,442,483,216
Related parties (Note 39(b))	6,946,536,606,842	6,492,002,588,180
	12,049,193,748,853	11,452,445,071,396

(*) As at 30 June 2022 and 31 December 2021, the short-term trade accounts receivable from these two customers have been past due for more than 1 year due to the COVID-19 pandemic situation. Based on the historical collection and the strategic partnership between the Group and these customers, the Board of Management assesses that the outstanding receivables are collectible when the aviation market recovers entirely.

(b) Long-term

Balance as at 30 June 2022 represents receivables from transferring purchase right option of aircraft to other related party (Note 39(b)).

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6 PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

(a) Short-term

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Third parties Rockwell Collins Others	26,388,709,000 359,553,378,950	22,336,477,282 77,379,646,210
	385,942,087,950	99,716,123,492
Related parties (Note 39(b))	755,222,700,338	392,344,113
	1,141,164,788,288	100,108,467,605

(b) Long-term

Balance as at 30 June 2022 represents long-term prepayment to Hangzhou Baoli Co., Ltd relating to Marketing Service Contract.

7 LENDINGS

(a) Short-term

Borrower	Currency	Annual interest rate	Year of maturity	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Truong Son Plaza Joint Stock Company (Note 39(b))	VND	9%	2022	657,000,000,000	657,000,000,000

Short-term lending balance represents a lending to Truong Son Plaza Joint Stock Company, a related party under contract No. 100921/HDV/VJC-TSP dated 10 September 2021 to provide financial support for working capital of this company. The lending is unsecured and will mature on 10 September 2022.

(b) Long-term

Borrower	Currency	Annual interest rate	Year of maturity	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
AAA Aircraft Asset Company Limited (*) (Note 39(b)) Apricot Aircraft Assets	USD	2.5%	2025	502,922,424,000	492,816,672,000
No. 1 Limited (**) (Note 39(b))	USD	5%	2033	302,918,512,639	296,831,650,692
				805,840,936,639	789,648,322,692

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7 LENDINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

- (*) The balance represents lending of USD21,501,600 to AAA Aircraft Asset Company Limited, a related party, to provide financial support for aircraft purchases and related purchase costs. The loan is unsecured and will mature in 2025.
- (**) The balance represents lending of USD12,950,770 to Apricot Aircraft Assets No. 1 Limited, a related party, to provide financial support for aircraft purchases and related purchase costs. The loan is unsecured and will mature in 2033.

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

(a) Short-term

	As at 30.6.20)22	As at 31.12.2021		
·	Book value VND	Provision VND	Book value VND	Provision VND	
Third parties Maintenance reserves of leased					
aircraft Deposits for aircraft purchases within next	2,866,084,719,773	- 1	1,824,881,774,817	-	
12 months (i) Purchase discounts	2,806,678,449,187		1,585,033,816,020	-	
receivable Claim receivables from maintenance reserves of leased	702,629,526,256	-	660,820,286,965	-	
aircraft Other receivable from	558,323,708,352	-	592,857,173,965	-	
aircraft supplier (ii)	888,600,339,793	_	342,554,595,502	-	
Others	962,087,424,823	-	769,999,731,892		
	8,784,404,168,184	-	5,776,147,379,161	-	
Related parties					
(Note 39(b))	6,593,917,480,349	_	5,275,393,517,908	-	
	15,378,321,648,533	-	11,051,540,897,069		
	15,378,321,648,533		11,051,540,897,069	-	

- (i) This balance represents a deposit to Airbus S.A.S for the aircrafts which are expected to be delivered within 12 months.
- (ii) This balance represents a compensation entitled from an aircraft supplier.

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8 OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(b) Long-term

	As at 30.6.20	022	As at 31.12.2021	
	Book value VND	Provision VND	Book value VND	Provision VND
Third parties Maintenance reserves of leased				
aircraft Deposit for aircraft purchases after	6,716,431,954,584	•	7,095,851,249,114	-
next 12 months (iii) Deposit for aircraft	4,178,233,760,625	-1	5,149,203,195,069	-
leases Deposit for ground	1,302,632,598,383		1,272,927,219,320	-
handling services	137,720,997,742	_	124,722,383,225	:-
Others	95,644,171,670		36,987,670,484	
	12,430,663,483,004	-	13,679,691,717,212	-
Related parties				
(Note 39(b))	2,088,498,775,334	-	2,419,946,988,043	
	14,519,162,258,338	-	16,099,638,705,255	

⁽iii) The amounts represent deposits for aircraft purchases from 2023 to 2026 to Airbus S.A.S and Boeing Company.

9 INVENTORIES

_	As at 30.6.2	2022	As at 31.12.	2021
	Cost VND	Provision VND	Cost VND	Provision VND
Tools and supplies Merchandise	874,584,740,265 28,382,489,749	-	783,597,166,041 27,649,864,614	-
	902,967,230,014	_	811,247,030,655	-

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10	P	RFP	AID	EXPE	ISES
10		Γ	AID		VOLO

(a) Short-term

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Software, tools and supplies Fuselage insurance Others	65,823,528,473 13,490,418,122 326,060,771,077	7,674,288,627 - 8,632,225,645
	405,374,717,672	16,306,514,272

(b)

Long-term		
	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Maintenance Costs to make good on leased assets Major inspection and overhaul expenditure Rotating parts, tools and instruments Others	6,072,733,760,018 629,771,376,442 267,133,361,402 228,022,158,427 84,956,241,475 7,282,616,897,764	5,065,554,996,522 632,155,195,498 174,818,646,585 182,890,430,569 33,635,365,276 6,089,054,634,450

10 PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

Movements in long-term prepaid expenses during the period are as follows:

Total VND	6,089,054,634,450 1,578,507,072,619 111,570,460,275 (463,391,630,123) (33,123,639,457)	7,282,616,897,764
Others VND	33,635,365,276 80,315,737,704 3,615,372,259 (32,610,233,764)	84,956,241,475
Rotating parts, tools and instruments VND	182,890,430,569 25,582,521,246 107,679,931,366 (86,064,943,527) (2,065,781,227)	228,022,158,427
Major inspection and overhaul expenditure VND	174,818,646,585 148,010,800,412 275,156,650 (47,404,174,710) (8,567,067,535)	267,133,361,402
Costs to make good on leased assets VND	632,155,195,498 65,030,368,084 (44,923,396,445) (22,490,790,695)	629,771,376,442
Maintenance VND	5,065,554,996,522 1,259,567,645,173 - (252,388,881,677)	6,072,733,760,018
	As at 31 December 2021 Increase in the period Transfers from inventory Allocation Decrease in the period	As at 30 June 2022

11 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

	Aircraft and components	Buildings and structures VND	Machinery and equipment	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2022 New purchases Disposals	896,813,994,227	387,463,400,057	101,519,334,255	70,323,378,062 - (2,463,891,817)	55,068,879,275 929,594,546 (315,500,000)	1,511,188,985,876 929,594,546 (2,779,391,817)
As at 30 June 2022	896,813,994,227	387,463,400,057	101,519,334,255	67,859,486,245	55,682,973,821	1,509,339,188,605
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Disposals	249,823,689,576 22,132,913,465	18,172,790,992 4,073,579,921	42,437,409,523 5,934,069,983	27,189,790,354 3,642,709,487 (2,463,891,799)	23,210,909,120 2,100,659,130 (129,783,302)	360,834,589,565 37,883,931,986 (2,593,675,101)
As at 30 June 2022	271,956,603,041	22,246,370,913	48,371,479,506	28,368,608,042	25,181,784,948	396,124,846,450
Net book value As at 1 January 2022 As at 30 June 2022	646,990,304,651	369,290,609,065	59,081,924,732	43,133,587,708	31,857,970,155	1,150,354,396,311

As at 30 June 2022, tangible fixed assets with a carrying value of VND624,857 million (as at 31 December 2021: VND646,990 million) were pledged to Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank as collateral assets for long-term borrowings granted to the Group (Note 19(b)(i)).

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 30 June 2022 was VND53,474 million (as at 31 December 2021: VND52,676 million).

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11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

Software VND

Historical cost

As at 1 January 2022 and 30 June 2022

39,171,240,479

Accumulated amortisation

As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period 31,073,686,907 955,151,370

As at 30 June 2022

32,028,838,277

Net book value

As at 1 January 2022

8,097,553,572

As at 30 June 2022

7,142,402,202

The historical cost of fully amortised intangible fixed assets but still in use as at 30 June 2022 was VND27,937 million (as at 31 December 2021: VND27,178 million).

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12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Details of construction in progress by projects are as follows:

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Costs relating to aircraft and components Aviation Technology Research and Training Centre SAP software Others	277,399,238,231 225,385,696,812 16,622,141,772 31,887,115,254	270,157,717,639 225,385,696,812 - 5,217,281,436
	551,294,192,069	500,760,695,887

Movements in construction in progress during the period/year are as follows:

	For the six- month period ended 30.6.2022 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2021 VND
Beginning of period/year Purchase Transfers to tangible fixed assets Transfers to long-term prepaid expenses Transfers to intangible fixed assets Other movements	500,760,695,887 50,533,496,182 - - -	804,241,395,933 162,685,145,738 (387,463,400,057) (34,015,903,655) (35,000,000) (44,651,542,072)
End of period/year	551,294,192,069	500,760,695,887

13 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	As at 30.6.2022	.6.2022	As at 31	As at 31.12.2021
		Able-to-pay		Able-to-pay
	Value	amount	Value	amonnt
	NN	VND	VND	VND
Third parties				
Petrolimex Aviation Fuel Joint Stock Company	1,352,986,838,442	1,352,986,838,442	665,792,259,190	665,792,259,190
Vietnam Air Petrol Company Limited (Skypec)	767,071,603,804	767,071,603,804	ı	•
CFM International SA	346,429,859,665	346,429,859,665	360,094,721,342	360,094,721,342
Others	3,130,078,092,558	3,130,078,092,558	2,001,729,866,610	2,001,729,866,610
	5,596,566,394,469	5,596,566,394,469	3,027,616,847,142	3,027,616,847,142
Related parties (Note 39(b))	1,129,918,717,790	1,129,918,717,790	213,812,884,699	213,812,884,699
	6,726,485,112,259	6,726,485,112,259	3,241,429,731,841	3,241,429,731,841

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14 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Third parties Beijing Jiatu International Travel Service		
Co., Ltd.	55,510,586,250	112,933,609,524
DAEJOO Air Co., Ltd.	46,686,343,290	103,994,116,213
Others	524,188,036,673	316,904,295,492
	626,384,966,213	533,832,021,229
Related parties (Note 39(b))	10,227,421,078	11,063,447,039
	636,612,387,291	544,895,468,268

15 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other receivables from/payables to the State during the period are as follows:

As at 30.6.2022 VND	10,228,637,312	245,380,925,174 86,851,928,562 99,726,262,240 27,461,951,682	459,421,067,658
Others VND	ī	(4,929,667,318)	(4,929,667,318)
Net-off during the period VND	(781,753,447,164)	(781,753,447,164) - -	(781,753,447,164)
Payment during the period VND		(59,818,784,340) (51,747,229,957) (89,333,454,755) (327,272,387) (113,885,087)	(201,340,626,526)
Receivable/payable during the period	741,625,754,353	171,775,548,467 837,659,052,309 143,412,520,459 5,778,556,010 113,885,087	1,158,739,562,332
As at 1.1.2022 VND	50,356,330,123	138,353,828,365 82,693,553,374 45,647,196,536 22,010,668,059	288,705,246,334
	a) Tax receivable Deductible VAT	b) Tax payables CIT VAT Personal income tax Foreign contractor tax Other tax	

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16 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

16	SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES		
		30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
	Interest expense Technical tools and aircraft related expenses Others	321,554,780,741 251,571,257,787 64,199,226,936	296,216,239,953 533,958,452,256 99,182,777,425
		637,325,265,464	929,357,469,634
17	SHORT-TERM UNEARNED REVENUE		
		30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
	Passenger transportation and ancillary services revenue received in advance, to be realised within next 12 months	2,283,472,316,089	381,579,736,840
18	OTHER PAYABLES		
(a)	Short-term		
		30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
	Third party		
	Airport fees and charges payables Others	496,964,910,451 605,687,349,355	700,704,487,828 301,819,330,782
		1,102,652,259,806	1,002,523,818,610
	Related parties (Note 39(b))	91,415,337,089	90,302,062,029
		1,194,067,596,895	1,092,825,880,639

(b) Long-term

The balances as at 30 June 2022 and as at 31 December 2021 mainly represent long-term deposits received from the Group's business partners.

19 BORROWINGS

(a) Short-term

As at 30.6.2022 VND	10,069,920	90,660,000	45,000,000,000	00,729,920
As at	6,617,1	1,135,4	45,0	7,797,6
Revaluation VND	40,996,993,089	2,083,987,671 1,135,490,660,000	1	43,080,980,760
Decrease VND	(9,676,415,600,382) 40,996,993,089 6,617,110,069,920	(477,328,226,869)	(700,000,000,000)	(10,853,743,827,251) 43,080,980,760 7,797,600,729,920
Increase	5,036,939,906,166 11,215,588,771,047	27,604,419,198	45,000,000,000	11,288,193,190,245
As at 1.1.2022 VND	5,036,939,906,166	1,583,130,480,000	700,000,000,000	7,320,070,386,166
	Borrowings from banks (i)	borrowings (Note 19(b))	parties (Note 39(b))	

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19 BORROWINGS (continued)

(a) Short-term (continued)

(i) Details of short-term borrowings from banks are as follows:

Lenders	Currency	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Secured loans Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank, a related party (Note 39(b))(*)	USD	2,495,874,856,927	2,384,576,498,152
Unsecured loans Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank of Industry and Trade	VND	2,284,860,393,614	1,860,409,702,905
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	989,180,145,230	-
Woori Bank Vietnam Limited, Ho Chi Minh City Branch	VND	649,196,568,729	254,548,640,905
Vietnam Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Bank	K USD	197,998,105,420	187,669,268,452
Petrolimex Group Commercial Joint Stock Bank	(VND	-	349,735,795,752
		6,617,110,069,920	5,036,939,906,166

(*) As at 30 June 2022, this loan was secured by the estimated receivables arising from the Group's sales of flight tickets in the future of VND5,425 billion (as at 31 December 2021: VND3,875 billion).

During the period, these borrowings bear interest at rates ranging from 4.2% to 5.8% per annum (for the year ended 31 December 2021: from 3.5% to 7.1% per annum) for borrowings in VND, and from 3.3% to 4.5% per annum (for the year ended 31 December 2021: from 3.3% to 4.3% per annum) for borrowings in USD.

19 BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term

As at 30.6.2022 VND	876,325,624,062 11,250,000,000,000	(2,083,987,671) (1,135,490,660,000)	10,990,834,964,062
Revaluation VND	3,371,924,163	(2,083,987,671)	1,287,936,492
Decrease VND	(477,328,226,869)	477,328,226,869	
Increase	2,876,910,000,000	(27,604,419,198)	2,849,305,580,802
As at 1.1.2022 VND	1,350,281,926,768 8,373,090,000,000	(1,583,130,480,000)	8,140,241,446,768 2,849,305,580,802
	Borrowings from banks (i) Straight bonds (ii)	Current portion of fortg-term borrowings	

(i) Borrowings from banks

Details of long-term borrowings from banks are as follows:

Lenders	Currency	Currency Maturity	As at 30.6.2022	6.2022	As at 31.12.2021	12.2021
			Current portion of long-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings VND	Current portion of long-term borrowings VND	Long-term borrowings VND
Woori Bank - Singapore Branch (*)	OSD	December 2022	191,372,727,273	ĭ	375,054,537,120	1
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited - Hong Kong Branch (*)	USD	December 2022	191,372,727,273	1	375,054,537,120	1
KEB Hana Bank - Hong Kong Branch (*)	USD	December 2022	85,054,545,454	1	166,690,925,760	ï
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank (**)	USD	June 2028	67,690,660,000	340,834,964,062	66,330,480,000	367,151,446,768
			535,490,660,000	340,834,964,062	983,130,480,000	367,151,446,768

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- 19 BORROWINGS (continued)
- (b) Long-term (continued)
 - (i) Borrowings from banks (continued)
 - (*) This syndicated borrowing was provided by three banks with total credit facility of USD110 million. The maturity of the borrowing is three years from the drawdown date. The borrowing's principal is repayable in 8 instalments in 2021 and 2022. The syndicated borrowing is unsecured and bears interest at a rate of 3.29% per annum (year ended 31 December 2021: 1.8% per annum).
 - (**) The principal of this borrowing is repayable in 17 equal semi-annual instalments of USD1.4 million (equivalent to VND33 billion) each and a final instalment of USD1.5 million (equivalent to VND35 billion) on 13 June 2028. The borrowing bears interest at a rate of 3.94% per annum (year ended 31 December 2021: 2.99% per annum) and is secured by the Group's tangible fixed assets with the carrying amount as follows:

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Aircraft No. A320 MSN7167, VNA675 (Note 11(a))	624,857,391,186	646,990,304,651

19 BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(ii) Straight bonds

Terms and conditions of long-term straight bonds are as follows:

	Currency	Annual interest	Year of maturity	As at 30	As at 30.6.2022	As at 31.12.2021	12.2021
	8			Current portion of long-term bonds VND	Long-term bonds VND	Current portion of long-term bonds VND	Long-term bonds
Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (*)	VND	9.5%	2026	,	5,000,000,000,000	1	5,000,000,000,000
Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 36 months (**)	VND	9.5%	2024	r	5,000,000,000,000	<u>.</u>	2,123,090,000,000
Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 36 months (***)	VND	7.8%	2023	I	650,000,000,000	i	650,000,000,000
Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 36 months (****) (Note 41)	NND	7.8%	2022	000'000'000'009	1	000'000'000'009	ı
				000'000'000'009	10,650,000,000,000	600,000,000,000	7,773,090,000,000

- 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates on the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date. This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9.5% per annum for the first *
- This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9.5% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates on the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date. (**)





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19 BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

- (ii) Straight bonds (continued)
 - (***) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates on the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
 - (****) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates on the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.

20 PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES

Movements of provision for liabilities during the period are as follows:

	Provision for maintenance	Provision to make good on	
	expenses VND	leased assets VND	Total VND
As at 31 December 2021 Provision made during	11,102,401,572,249	1,143,835,340,803	12,246,236,913,052
the period	1,872,369,864,465	80,705,641,307	1,953,075,505,772
Utilisation of the provision	(6,528,452,662)	-	(6,528,452,662)
Others		(37,405,945,898)	(37,405,945,898)
As at 30 June 2022	12,968,242,984,052	1,187,135,036,212	14,155,378,020,264
Short-term	2,752,719,885,024	-	2,752,719,885,024
Long-term	10,215,523,099,028	1,187,135,036,212	11,402,658,135,240
	12,968,242,984,052	1,187,135,036,212	14,155,378,020,264

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21 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

Movements of Bonus and welfare fund during the period/year are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2022 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2021 VND
Beginning of period/year Appropriation to the fund during the	327,150,076,791	-
period/year (Note 24) Utilization of the fund	(44,391,600,000)	380,676,119,348 (53,526,042,557)
End of period/year	282,758,476,791	327,150,076,791

22 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority and same taxable unit. The details were as follows:

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Deferred tax assets:		
Deferred tax assets to be recovered after more than 12 months Deferred tax assets to be recovered	2,697,724,924,196	2,468,231,211,996
within 12 months	562,543,977,005	338,402,175,062
	3,260,268,901,201	2,806,633,387,058
Deferred tax liabilities: Deferred tax liabilities to be settled		
after more than 12 months Deferred tax liabilities to be settled	2,738,872,309,768	2,596,174,103,538
within 12 months	622,992,885,373	364,976,354,963
	3,361,865,195,141	2,961,150,458,501
Net-off	(3,260,268,901,201)	(2,806,633,387,058)
Net deferred income tax payable	101,596,293,940	154,517,071,443

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22 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

Movements in the deferred income tax, taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2022 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2021 VND
Beginning of year Consolidated interim income statement	154,517,071,443	67,824,775,143
charge (Note 35)	(52,920,777,503)	86,692,296,300
End of period/year	101,596,293,940	154,517,071,443

As at 30 June 2022, the Group uses tax rate of 20% (as at 31 December 2021: 20%) to determine deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities mainly include temporary differences related payable to provision for maintenance costs, provision for return of leased assets; taxable temporary differences to maintenance reserves, prepaid aircraft maintenance, leased return costs; revaluate amounts denominated in foreign currencies and tax losses carried forward.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The Group's tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for a maximum period of no more than five consecutive years from the year right after the year in which the loss was incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in the consolidated interim financial statements. The estimated amount of tax losses available for offset against the Group's future taxable profits is:

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Loss incurred VND	Loss utilised VND	Loss carried forward VND
2020 2022	Outstanding Outstanding	2,414,670,803,135 676,512,305,679	(1,005,216,623,073)	1,409,454,180,062 676,512,305,679

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23 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	As at 30	.6.2022	As at 31.	12.2021
	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares
Number of shares registered	541,611,334		541,611,334	
Number of shares issued	541,611,334	-	541,611,334	
Number of existing shares in circulation	541,611,334		541,611,334	

(b) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND
As at 1 January 2021 Sale of treasury shares	523,838,594 17,772,740	5,238,385,940,000 177,727,400,000
As at 31 December 2021	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000
As at 30 June 2022	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000

Par value per share: VND10,000.

Each share is entitled to one vote at the Shareholders' meetings of the Company. Shareholders are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. All ordinary shares are ranked equally with regard to the Group's residual assets. In respect of shares bought back by the Group, all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

24 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total VND	14,978,398,985,118 79,659,307,309 12,454,650,788		(380,676,119,348) 2,348,654,987,714	(184,281,491,101)	16,854,210,320,480 144,937,564,524	201,834,405,446	17,200,982,290,450
Non- controlling interests VND	655,829,944 5,074,400,079 12,454,650,788	1,726,786,287	1 1		19,911,667,098 1,229,115,040	1	21,140,782,138
Post-tax undistributed earnings VND	11,589,250,587,139 74,584,907,230	(1,726,786,287)	(380,676,119,348)	'	(110,730,393,251) 11,281,432,588,734 - 143,708,449,484	1	11,425,141,038,218
Foreign exchange difference VND	73,551,097,850 -	í	T T	(184,281,491,101)	(110,730,393,251)	201,834,405,446	91,104,012,195
Treasury shares VND	(2,347,121,362,620)	T.	2,347,121,362,620		1 1	·	1
Share premium VND	245,949,492,805 -	1	1,533,625,094	1	247,483,117,899	ı	247,483,117,899
Owners' capital VND	5,416,113,340,000	Ĭ.		•	5,416,113,340,000 247,483,117,899		5,416,113,340,000
	As at 1 January 2021 Net profit for the year Business combination	interest	Appropriation to Bonus and Welfare fund (Note 21) Sale of treasury shares Foreign currency conversion	differences for overseas activities	As at 31 December 2021 Net profit for the period Foreign currency conversion	differences for overseas activities	As at 30 June 2022

Pursuant to the Resolution No. 02-22/VJ-DHCD-DD dated 28 May 2022, the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Group approved the share dividends to its existing shareholders at the rate of 20% on the total par value of existing shares in circulation. The General Meeting of Shareholders authorized the Board of Directors to decide the plan of issuance plan after the approval of the State Securities Committee.

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25 DIVIDEND PAYABLE

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
At the beginning/end of the period/year	57,789,721,550	57,789,721,550

26 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare fund by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares. Details are as follows:

_	For the six-month period ended	
	2022	2021
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND)	143,708,449,484	124,079,557,849
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares) Basic earnings per share (VND)	541,611,334 265	527,668,079 235

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted earnings per share during the period and up to the approval date of these consolidated interim financial statements.

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27 OFF CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

(a) Foreign currencies

	30.6.2022	31.12.2021
USD	8,247,587	6,778,291
SGD	1,131,132	1,054,978
MYR	1,135,970	1,135,970
KRW	8,162,089,887	183,813,624
JPY	325,386,010	24,654,663
EUR	43,940	44,430
TWD	279,800	279,800
HKD	54,350	54,350
GBP	1,955	2,250
IDR	10,225,000	10,225,000
THB	87,550	94,420
CNY	394,329	18,478
INR	154,640	135,370
MMK	2,864,650	2,864,650

(b) Operating lease assets

The future minimum lease receipts/payments under non-cancellable operating lease agreements were presented in Note 40(a).

28 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Passenger transportation - Domestic routes	6,214,080,177,381	1,814,333,990,363
International routes including charter flightsAncillary revenue	1,094,998,688,415 4,152,732,916,600	263,409,122,039 2,349,911,643,546
	11,461,811,782,396	4,427,654,755,948
Revenue from sales of aircraft and purchase right option Aircraft dry leases Revenue from sales of engine Other revenue	3,193,810,000,000 683,673,525,518 420,189,000,000 175,077,894,696	2,398,977,521,508 649,848,377,177 - 79,553,361,806
	15,934,562,202,610	7,556,034,016,439

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29 COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Flight operation expenses Technical expenses Ground operation expenses Cost of engine sold Cost of aircraft sold Safety, security, quality and assurance expenses Cargo expenses Others	11,616,024,372,511 1,279,287,954,055 608,320,350,932 411,251,291,000 - 159,045,695,989 99,953,799,028 448,279,433,165 - 14,622,162,896,680	6,533,627,489,441 780,902,857,506 377,219,588,228 2,379,799,443,643 20,450,266,733 82,505,537,681 263,345,661,476
		=======================================

30 FINANCIAL INCOME

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022	30.6.2021
	VND	VND
Interest income from deposits and lendings	285,209,372,612	145,788,803,369
Realised foreign exchange gains	57,884,393,346	46,149,981,177
Income from shares transfer		3,584,000,000,000
Others	609,370,306	96,660,918
	343,703,136,264	3,776,035,445,464

31 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	For the six-r 30.6.2022 VND	month period ended 30.6.2021 VND
Interest expense Provision for/(reversal of provision for)	692,378,380,306	290,253,736,292
diminution in value of investments Net loss from foreign currency translation	235,000,000,000	(160,000,000,000)
at period-end	110,503,344,709	36,806,022,285
Unwinding discount of provisions Realised foreign exchange losses	120,111,426,110 105,973,174,115	21,805,574,986 12,195,928,938
Others	15,018,000,964	2,393,400,619
	1,278,984,326,204	203,454,663,120

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32 SELLING EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022	30.6.2021
	VND	VND
Advertising and marketing expenses	195,454,604,833	233,330,484,047
Sale commissions	73,697,038,696	60,407,641,935
Staff costs	70,784,167,537	42,830,086,875
Depreciation and amortisation	558,174,345	242,386,726
Others	24,515,422,196	7,865,550,329
	365,009,407,607	344,676,149,912

33 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Staff costs External service expenses Rental Depreciation and amortisation Others	111,709,238,545 69,690,010,151 6,247,053,642 3,378,575,464 13,445,298,029	76,870,382,558 61,921,162,992 21,313,370,235 8,485,643,192 20,852,651,020
	204,470,175,831	189,443,209,997

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34 NET OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Other income Income from compensation (*) Others	447,726,000,000 8,742,470,544	8,718,554,848 ———
	456,468,470,544	8,718,554,848
Other expenses Others	(314,667,608)	(287,762,402)
Net other income	456,153,802,936	8,430,792,446

^(*) This income relates to a compensation entitled from an aircraft supplier.

35 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The Group has an obligation to pay the CIT at the applicable tax rate of 20% of taxable profits, except for the following companies:

Company incorporated in British Virgin Islands

Vietjet Air IVB No. I Limited, Vietjet Air IVB No. II Limited

Income or profits generated in the British Virgin Islands are non-taxable.

Company incorporated in Cayman Islands

Skymate Limited

Income or profits generated in the Cayman Islands are non-taxable.

Company incorporated in Singapore

Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd. has an obligation to pay CIT at the rate of 17% of taxable profits.

Company incorporated in Ireland

Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited

Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited has an obligation to pay CIT at the rate of 25% of taxable profits.

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35 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (continued)

The CIT on the Group's accounting profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% as follows:

-	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Net accounting profit before tax	263,792,335,488	165,075,386,612
Tax calculated at a rate of 20%	52,758,467,098	33,015,077,322
Effect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Effect of difference tax rates applied for subsidiaries	76,909,921,139 (10,813,617,273)	17,229,369,457 (7,002,080,447)
CIT charge (*)	118,854,770,964	43,242,366,332
Charged/(credited) to the consolidated interim income statement: CIT – current CIT – deferred (Note 22)	171,775,548,467 (52,920,777,503)	13,225,950,927 30,016,415,405
	118,854,770,964	43,242,366,332

^(*) The CIT charge for the six month period is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

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36 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represent all costs incurred during the period from the Group's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandise for trading activities. Details are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND

Fuel costs	6,219,602,551,752	2,345,460,784,323
Staff costs	1,407,072,066,287	986,007,205,010
Depreciation and amortisation	38,839,083,356	41,487,003,427
External service and other expenses	7,064,163,787,440	5,213,754,701,870
	14,729,677,488,835	8,586,709,694,630

37 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Board of Management of the Group determines that the management's decisions of the Group are based primarily on both the types of products and services provided by the Group and the geographic areas in which the Group supplies product and service. As a result, the segment reporting of the Group is presented in respect of the Group's business segments and geographical segments.

(a) Business segments

For management purposes, the Group has 2 business segments as follows:

- Providing passenger and cargo transportation services, ancillary services, aircraft leasing and in-flight advertising (referred to as "aviation services"); and
- Buying and selling aircraft and related assets.

Except as indicated above, the Group has no other business segments being aggregated to form a reportable business segment. Segmental information for total revenue and cost of sales is shown in Notes 28 and 29 to the consolidated interim financial statements. All the Group's assets, liabilities, financial income and financial expenses, selling expenses, general and administration expenses, other income and other expenses are unallocated.

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(b) Geographical segments

The Group's revenue is presented by geographical areas (by country of destination) as follows:

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
In Vietnam Outside Vietnam	10,085,081,355,526 5,849,480,847,084	3,895,607,968,168 3,660,426,048,271
	15,934,562,202,610	7,556,034,016,439

The Group has no other geographical segments except for revenue because the Board of Management of the Company determined that the Group's management decisions are based primarily on revenue by geographical areas.

38 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CERTAIN ITEMS OF THE CONSOLIDATED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Non-cash transactions affecting the consolidated interim cash flow statement:

	For the six-month	n period ended
	30.6.2022 VND	30.6.2021 VND
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund		380,676,119,348

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Details of associates and other related parties are given in Note 4.

Details of the key related parties and relationship are given as below:

Related parties	Relationship
Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank	Major shareholder Major shareholder
("HDBank") Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd. Cam Ranh International Terminal Joint Stock Company Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company Truong Son Plaza Joint Stock Company Cong Hoa Commercial Investment Joint Stock Company Sovico Energy Holdings Company Sovico Group Joint Stock Company Phu Long Real Estate Corporation Menas Company Limited Angelica Holding Limited Angelica Aircraft Assets Limited Apricot Aircraft Company (Ireland) 8577 Limited Apricot Aircraft Company (Ireland) 8592 Limited Apricot Aircraft Company (Ireland) 8605 Limited Apricot Aircraft Company (Ireland) 8676 Limited Apricot Aircraft Company (Ireland) 8676 Limited Apricot Aircraft Assets Limited Apricot Aircraft Assets No.1 Limited AAA Aircraft Asset Company Limited AAA Golden Aircraft Star No. 2 Limited AAA Golden Aircraft Star No. 3 Limited AAA Golden Aircraft Star No. 4 Limited AAA Golden Aircraft Star No. 5 Limited World Go International Limited Indochina Beach Hotel Joint Stock Company Conasi Property Management and Development Corporation Guangzhou Representative of Vietjet Aviation Joint Stock Company Victoria Academy Company Limited	Associate Associate Other related party
New Generation Service Supply Joint Stock Company	Other related party

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions

During the period, the following major transactions were carried out with related parties:

	-	For the six	x-month period 2022 VND	d ended 30 June 2021 VND
i)	Revenue from aircraft leasing Associate Other related party		5,211,112,768 0,462,412,750	513,770,283,977 136,078,093,200
		683	3,673,525,518	649,848,377,177
ii)	Revenue from sales of purchase right Other related party		8,810,000,000	-
iii)	Revenue from other services Major shareholder Associate Other related party		2,290,025,240 25,508,681 2,315,533,921	95,386,161 14,469,093,464 52,740,930 14,617,220,555
iv)	Aircraft operating lease expenses Other related party	624	4,233,253,729	587,582,000,000

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

		For the six-month per	iod ended 30 June
		2022 VND	2021 VND
v)	Financing activities		
	Interest income HDBank Associate Other related parties	10,280,992,298 183,196,593,785 42,985,955,105 236,463,541,188	15,787,168,551 111,920,089,349 13,104,485,208 140,811,743,108
	Interest expense HDBank Other related parties	40,601,147,764 30,616,438,355 71,217,586,119	31,632,294,305 24,408,904,110 56,041,198,415
	Proceeds from borrowings HDBank Other related party	2,437,550,606,352 45,000,000,000 2,482,550,606,352	1,924,284,538,314
	Repayments of borrowings HDBank Other related party	2,363,936,481,101 700,000,000,000 3,063,936,481,101	1,857,720,570,816
	Term deposits and certificate of deposits with HDBank Deposit Settlement	855,000,000,000 805,000,000,000	3,602,000,000,000 4,925,000,000,000
	Lending Other related parties	-	299,421,804,712

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

2022 VND vi) Investment activities Income from shares transfer Other related parties - 5,184,000,00 Payment received from transfer of the commercial right Other related parties - 290,000,00 Investment in projects with other related parties - 1,200,000,00 Deposit received - 1,995,000,00 Deposit repaid - 1,995,000,00 viii) Other transactions 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Office rental expenses 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92 38,072,956,017 18,247,04	
Vii) Investment activities Income from shares transfer Other related parties - 5,184,000,00 Payment received from transfer of the commercial right Other related parties - 290,000,00 Investment in projects with other related parties Deposit received Deposit repaid - 1,200,000,00 1,995,000,00 Vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder Other related parties 33,883,834,071 4,189,121,946 4,189,12	00,000
Income from shares transfer Other related parties - 5,184,000,00 Payment received from transfer of the commercial right Other related parties - 290,000,00 Investment in projects with other related parties Deposit received - 1,200,000,00 Deposit repaid - 1,995,000,00 vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	
Other related parties - 5,184,000,00 Payment received from transfer of the commercial right Other related parties - 290,000,000 Investment in projects with other related parties Deposit received - 1,200,000,000 Deposit repaid - 1,995,000,000 vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	
of the commercial right Other related parties Investment in projects with other related parties Deposit received Deposit repaid Vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder Other related parties 33,883,834,071 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 14,057,92	00,000
Investment in projects with other related parties Deposit received - 1,200,000,000 Deposit repaid - 1,995,000,000 vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	00,000
Deposit received - 1,200,000,000 Deposit repaid - 1,995,000,000 vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	
vii) Other transactions Office rental expenses Major shareholder Other related parties 1,995,000,00	000
Office rental expenses 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	
Major shareholder 4,189,121,946 4,189,12 Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	
Other related parties 33,883,834,071 14,057,92	14 057
38,072,956,017 18,247,04	
	18,413
Prepayment for engine rental	
Other related party 739,980,636,445	-
Payments and (receipts) on behalf, net cashflows	
Associate 57,658,193,045 81,935,76	39,215
Consulting fee Other related parties - 25,413,92	25,298
viii) Compensation of key management	
Board of Directors 3,640,761,267 4,241,37	
Board of Management 9,076,612,218 6,291,27	'9,254
12,717,373,485 10,532,64 ————————————————————————————————————	19,937

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39	RELATED	PARTY DISCL	OSURES	(continued))
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(b) Period/year end balances with related parties

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) HDBank	677,686,272,426	814,294,104,391
Investment held to maturity HDBank	4,150,000,000	
Short-term trade accounts receivable (Nor Major shareholder HDBank Associate (i) Other related parties (ii)	7,701,766 794,398,329 3,643,924,775,482 3,301,809,731,265 6,946,536,606,842	2,981,583,703,080 3,510,418,885,100 6,492,002,588,180

- (i) Receivables mainly came from aircraft dry leases.
- (ii) The receivable balance mainly includes receivables relating to disposal of engines, and receivables from aircraft dry leases.

Long-term trade accounts receivables (Note 5(b))

Other related parties (iii)

2,905,560,000,000

(iii) The balance includes receivables from purchase right option.

Short-term prepayments to suppliers (Note 6(a))

HDBank	1,306,488,551	-
Other related party (iv)	753,916,211,787	392,344,113
	755,222,700,338	392,344,113

(iv) The balance includes the prepayment of engine rental.

Short-term	lendings	(Note	7(a))	
Other relate	d north	•		

Other related party	657,000,000,000	657,000,000,000

Long-term lendings (Note 7(b))

Other related parties 805,840,936,639 789,648,322,692

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) Period/year end balances with related parties (continued)

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Other short-term receivables (Note 8(a)) Major shareholder Associates (v) Other related parties (vi)	1,042,580,000 2,337,027,153,422 4,255,847,746,927	1,595,304,781,031 3,680,088,736,877
	6,593,917,480,349	5,275,393,517,908

- (v) As at 30 June 2022, the receivable balance mainly includes payment on behalf and earns interest at the rate of 9% per annum (2021: 9% per annum).
- (vi) The receivable balance mainly includes receivables from the transfer of the business and operation rights of the Vietjet Plaza Building, receivables relating to the disposal of rights and obligations in the Republic Plaza project, and receivables from transfer of shares in Pacific Star Investment and Development Company.

Other long-term receivables (Note 8(b))

	2,088,498,775,334	2,419,946,988,043
Other related parties (vii)	2,072,279,232,834	1,951,602,041,056
Major shareholder Associate	15,219,542,500	468,344,946,987
Major charabolder	1,000,000,000	

(vii) The receivable balance mainly includes receivables from a related party regarding the maintenance reserves, deposit for aircraft leases and receivables from transfer of shares in Pacific Star Investment and Development Company.

Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 13)

Short-term trade accounts payable (Note	10)	
HDBank	787,480,482	733,297,968
Other major shareholder	24,859,785,367	24,859,785,367
Associate	-	2,335,782,331
Other related parties	1,104,271,451,941	185,884,019,033
	1,129,918,717,790	213,812,884,699
Short-term advances from customers (No	ote 14)	448 777 861

Associate	8,649,099,558	8,649,099,558 1,965,569,620
Other related parties	1,578,321,520 ————————————————————————————————————	11,063,447,039

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39 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b) Period-end/year-end balances with related parties (continued)

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Short-term accrued expenses HDBank Other related parties	140,584,931,506	1,712,695,006 92,708,021,157
	140,584,931,506	94,420,716,163
Other short-term payables (Note 18(a)) HDBank Major shareholders Other related parties	894,768,545 70,964,404,160 19,556,164,384	876,788,785 69,869,108,860 19,556,164,384
	91,415,337,089	90,302,062,029
Short-term borrowings (Note 19(a)) HDBank Other related party	2,495,874,856,927 45,000,000,000	2,384,576,498,152 700,000,000,000
	2,540,874,856,927	3,084,576,498,152

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40 PRINCIPLE AGREEMENTS

(a) Commitments under operating leases

(i) The Group as a lessee

The Group signs operating lease agreements, the expected future lease payments, according to terms in these agreements, are as follows:

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	10,689,424,829,335 38,369,569,468,221 22,847,421,526,187	8,616,964,284,145 37,298,127,372,065 24,811,592,924,072
Total minimum payments	71,906,415,823,743	70,726,684,580,282

(ii) The Group as a lessor

The Group signs operating lease agreements, the expected future lease receipts, according to terms in these agreements, are as follows:

	30.6.2022 VND	31.12.2021 VND
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	1,261,152,348,648 4,258,471,424,576 1,046,543,031,046	1,337,091,416,984 4,397,115,040,369 1,389,127,587,327
Total minimum receipts	6,566,166,804,270	7,123,334,044,680

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40 PRINCIPLE AGREEMENTS (continued)

(b) Other commitments

The Group signed a principle agreement and related amendments with Airbus S.A.S to purchase 186 aircrafts. As at 30 June 2022, the Group has received 67 of the aircraft, with the remaining aircraft being scheduled to be delivered to the Company up to 2026. To power these aircraft, the Company also ordered 106 aircraft engines from CFM International S.A and 128 aircraft engines from United Technologies Corporation (Pratt & Whitney Division), including maintenance service agreements. Pursuant to the aircraft purchase agreement between the Company and Airbus S.A.S, the Group's principal agreements in relation to the pre-delivery payments for aircraft that are to be delivered in 2023 are USD212.5 million as of 30 June 2022. The Group's agreements with respect to the principle agreement and related amendments are subject to the ability to comply with the aircraft delivery schedule committed by the manufacturer.

On 31 May 2017, the Group signed an agreement with Honeywell Aviation Services to purchase 98 auxiliary power units for the Airbus aircraft. This agreement runs through 2022 and includes maintenance services for 12 years.

The Group also signed a principle agreement and related amendments with Boeing Group to purchase aircraft. As at 30 June 2022, the Group and Boeing Company have agreed to an amendment to adjust the delivery schedule for the aircraft and other terms (including payment and commercial support from the manufacturer) on the basis of conformity with the Group's long-term development strategy.

41 EVENTS OCCURRED AFTER THE END OF SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Pursuant to Decision No. 477/QD-SGDHN dated 12 July 2022 of Hanoi Stock Exchange, the bond of Vietjet Aviation Joint Stock Company with stock code VJC11912 is due delist on 15 July 2022 with the value of VND 600,000,000,000 (6,000,000 bonds).

The consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 29 August 2022.

Pham Ngoc Thoa Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Finance Officer Dinh Viet Phuong Permanent Vice President cum Managing Director